SQL7 - JOINS

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| 1. Use a LEFT OUTER JOIN. Join the LOCATIONS and DEPARTMENTS table using the location\_id column. Sort by city. |
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| 2. Join the database locations and departments table using the location\_id column. Limit the results to location 1400 only. Sort by city. |
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| 3. Join the REGIONS and COUNTRIES tables. Display country name, region ID, and region name for  Americas (region 2) |
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| 4. Use the LOCATIONS and DEPARTMENTS tables to display the city, department name, location ID, and department ID for departments 10, 20, and 30 for the city of Seattle. |
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| 5. Join the employees and jobs tables. Display the first and last names, hire date, job id, job title, and maximum salary. Limit the query to those employees who are in jobs that can earn more than $12,000. |
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| 6. Join the EMPLOYEES and JOBS tables. Display job title, employee first name, last name, and email for all employees who are stock clerks. |
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| 7. Display employee ID, last name, department name, and hire date for those employees whose hire date was June 7, 1994. |
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| 8. Use a LEFT OUTER JOIN. Create a query of the DJs on Demand database to return the first name, last name, event date, and description of the event the client held. Include all the clients even if they have not had an event scheduled |
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| 9. Use a RIGHT OUTER JOIN to return the first name, last name, and department name for all employees including those departments that do not have an employee assigned to them. |
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| 10. Join DJs on Demand d\_play\_list\_items, d\_track\_listings, and d\_cds tables with the JOIN USING syntax. Include the song ID, CD number, title, and comments in the output |
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